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should have a fixed price and control right through, I think the people of Malabar have not yet raised their voice so greatly in favour of reimposition of all controls."

SRI M. NARAYANA KURUP :—" Inasmuch as the coming four months are lean months even in prosperous times and considering the abnormal price of foodgrains in open market, may I request the Government to raise the rice content of the ration so that the people of that part may not be hard hit by the rise in prices? "

THE HON. SRI C. SUBRAMANIAM :—" At present, we are supplying rice at the rate of 7 ounces and I do not think it is a small quantity. Even the Malabar people should get accustomed to different forms of diet, such as millet, rice, wheat or any other grain. It is not as though the Malabar people alone should get all the rice and all the other people should get other grains."

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU :—" May I know what factors are taken into consideration in fixing the fair price? "

THE HON. SRI C. SUBRAMANIAM :—" This question has already been answered by the Chief Minister. The price should be fair to the Government and fair to the people."

Pattas for lands given to political sufferers.

*224 *Q.*—SRI K. SHANMUGAM : Will the Hon. the Minister for Land Revenue be pleased to state whether it is a fact that the political sufferers of Nellore district are not yet given pattas for lands which they have been cultivating for more than three years?

THE HON. SRI M. A. MANICKAVELU NAICKER :—" The Government have no information. But I gather that in some cases pattas have been issued and in some cases they have not been issued."

SRI K. SHANMUGAM :—" May I know why the political sufferers who have been given lands in Siddipuram, Kovur taluk, have not been given pattas so far? "

THE HON. SRI M. A. MANICKAVELU NAICKER :—" If they have not been given they will be given in due course."

SRI P. VENKATASWAMI REDDI :—" In view of the fact that almost all the rich people have managed to get pattas already and only the poor people are remaining without these and in view of the fact that they have already spent a large sum of money over these lands to make them suitable for cultivation, will the Hon. Minister be pleased to consider the question of assigning the lands treating them as landless poor and without demanding any market value from them? "

THE HON. SRI M. A. MANICKAVELU NAICKER :—" The poor people also should adopt the tactics of the rich people if they want to get the pattas quickly." (Laughter.)

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SRI M. VEERABHADRAM :—" Will the Government consider it desirable not to assign pattas or grant lands to political sufferers who have other means of livelihood? "

THE HON. SRI M. A. MANICKAVELU NAICKER :—" Even now, the political sufferer gets lands. Only, he must be a landless poor man."

SRI V. BALAKRISHNAN :—" May I know whether the Nellore district has been exempted from the popular and patriotic order of the Chief Minister that no pattas should be issued to the political sufferers to whom lands have been assigned? "

THE HON. SRI M. A. MANICKAVELU NAICKER :—" If pattas had been already issued, it is ancient history. But if it is a question coming under the present order, it will be gone into."

SRI K. VINAYAKAM :—" May I know in all seriousness what exactly (laughter) did the Hon. Minister mean when he said that the poor people should adopt the same tactics as rich men to get pattas? "

THE HON. SRI M. A. MANICKAVELU NAICKER :—" I answer in all seriousness (laughter) that the poor people must be as alert as the rich people."

Export of jaggery.

* 225 *Q.*—SRI K. V. RAMASWAMI (on behalf of Sri S. Ramalingam) : Will the Hon. the Minister for Finance be pleased to state—

(*a*) how many tons of jaggery were available in the State for overseas export in 1952 ; and

(*b*) how many tons were allotted by the State Government to the India Government for overseas export for the year 1952?

THE HON. SRI C. SUBRAMANIAM :—" (*a*) A quantity of about 43,000 tons was available for export overseas in 1952.

" (*b*) The overseas jaggery export quota for the year 1952 was fixed by the Government of India on an all-India basis and not on a State basis. The total all-India quota for the year finally fixed by the Government of India was 50,000 tons. The actual exports of jaggery from Madras ports by sea to foreign countries during the period from January to November 1952 amounted to 42,295 tons which compare very favourably with the exportable surplus of 43,000 tons referred to in the answer to clause (*a*) above."

SRI R. KRISHNAN :—" Does it include palm jaggery also? "

THE HON. SRI C. SUBRAMANIAM :—" Yes, it includes every form of jaggery."

SRI Y. V. KRISHNA RAO :—" Out of these 43,000 tons, may I know what the quantity is that is available for transport from the districts of the new State that is taking its birth? "